A) Amendments to the Claims: This listing will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A compound of formula IV:

$$R^{2}$$
 $NH$ 
 $R^{x}$ 
 $Z^{2}$ 
 $Q-R^{1}$ 
 $IV$ 

or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative or prodrug thereof, wherein:

 $Z^1$  is nitrogen or C-R<sup>8</sup> and  $Z^2$  is nitrogen or CH, wherein one and only one of  $Z^1$  or  $Z^2$  is nitrogen;

Q is selected from -N( $R^4$ )-, -O-, -S-, -C( $R^6$ )<sub>2</sub>-, 1,2-cyclopropanediyl, 1,2-cyclobutanediyl, or 1,3-cyclobutanediyl;

R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> are independently selected from T-R<sup>3</sup> or L-Z-R<sup>3</sup>, or R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> are taken together with their intervening atoms to form a fused, unsaturated or partially unsaturated, 5-7 membered ring having 0-3 ring heteroatoms selected from oxygen, sulfur, or nitrogen, wherein each substitutable ring carbon of said fused ring formed by R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> is independently substituted by oxo, T-R<sup>3</sup>, or L-Z-R<sup>3</sup>, and each substitutable ring nitrogen of said ring formed by R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> is independently substituted by R<sup>4</sup>;

R<sup>1</sup> is T-(Ring D);

Ring D is a 5-7 membered monocyclic ring or 8-10 membered bicyclic ring selected from aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl, said heteroaryl or heterocyclyl ring having 1-4 ring heteroatoms selected from nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur, wherein each substitutable ring carbon

- of Ring D is independently substituted by oxo, T-R<sup>5</sup>, or V-Z-R<sup>5</sup>, and each substitutable ring nitrogen of Ring D is independently substituted by -R<sup>4</sup>;
- T is a valence bond or a  $C_{1-4}$  alkylidene chain, wherein when Q is -CH( $R^6$ )-, a methylene unit of said  $C_{1-4}$  alkylidene chain is optionally replaced by -O-, -S-, -N( $R^4$ )-, -CO-, -CONH-, -NHCO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH-, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>-, -CO<sub>2</sub>-, -OC(O)-, -OC(O)NH-, or -NHCO<sub>2</sub>-;
- Z is a C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylidene chain;
- L is -O-, -S-, -SO-,  $-SO_2$ -,  $-N(R^6)SO_2$ -,  $-SO_2N(R^6)$ -,  $-N(R^6)$ -, -CO-,  $-CO_2$ -,  $-N(R^6)CO$ -,  $-C(O)N(R^6)$ -,  $-C(O)N(R^6)$ -,  $-C(R^6)_2O$ -,  $-C(R^6)_2S$ -,  $-C(R^6)_2S$ -,  $-C(R^6)_2S$ -,  $-C(R^6)_2S$ -,  $-C(R^6)_2S$ -,  $-C(R^6)_2N(R^6)$ -
- R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are independently selected from -R, -T-W-R<sup>6</sup>, or R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are taken together with their intervening atoms to form a fused, 5-8 membered, unsaturated or partially unsaturated, ring having 0-3 ring heteroatoms selected from nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur, wherein each substitutable ring carbon of said fused ring formed by R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> is independently substituted by halo, oxo, -CN, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -R<sup>7</sup>, or -V-R<sup>6</sup>, and each substitutable ring nitrogen of said ring formed by R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> is independently substituted by R<sup>4</sup>;
- $R^3$  is selected from -R, -halo, -OR, -C(=O)R, -CO<sub>2</sub>R, -COCOR, -COCH<sub>2</sub>COR, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CN, -S(O)R, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>R, -SR, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -CON(R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -OC(=O)R, -N(R<sup>7</sup>)COR, -N(R<sup>7</sup>)CO<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic), -N(R<sup>4</sup>)N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -C=NN(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -C=N-OR, -N(R<sup>7</sup>)CON(R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>7</sup>)SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)SO<sub>2</sub>R, or -OC(=O)N(R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>;
- each R is independently selected from hydrogen or an optionally substituted group selected from  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic,  $C_{6-10}$  aryl, a heteroaryl ring having 5-10 ring atoms, or a heterocyclyl ring having 5-10 ring atoms;
- each  $R^4$  is independently selected from  $-R^7$ ,  $-CO_2$ (optionally substituted  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic),  $-CO_2(R^7)_2$ , or  $-SO_2(R^7)_2$ ;
- each  $R^5$  is independently selected from -R, halo, -OR, -C(=O)R, -CO<sub>2</sub>R, -COCOR, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CN, -S(O)R, -SO<sub>2</sub>R, -SR, -N( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, -CON( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>N( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, -OC(=O)R, -N( $R^4$ )COR, -N( $R^4$ )CO<sub>2</sub>(optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic), -N( $R^4$ )N( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, -C=NN( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, -C=N-OR, -N( $R^4$ )CON( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, -N( $R^4$ )SO<sub>2</sub>N( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, -N( $R^4$ )SO<sub>2</sub>R, or -OC(=O)N( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>;

- $V \ is \ -O-, \ -S-, \ -SO-, \ -SO_2-, \ -N(R^6)SO_2-, \ -SO_2N(R^6)-, \ -N(R^6)-, \ -CO-, \ -CO_2-, \ -N(R^6)CO-, \ -N(R^6)C(O)O-, \ -N(R^6)CON(R^6)-, \ -N(R^6)SO_2N(R^6)-, \ -N(R^6)N(R^6)-, \ -C(O)N(R^6)-, \ -C(R^6)_2O-, \ -C(R^6)_2SO-, \ -C(R^6)_2SO_2-, \ -C(R^6)_2SO_2N(R^6)-, \ -C(R^6)_2N(R^6)-, \ -C(R^6)_2N(R^6)C(O)-, \ -C(R^6)_2N(R^6)C(O)O-, \ -C(R^6)_2N(R^6)-, \ -C(R^6)_2N(R$
- W is  $-C(R^6)_2O_-$ ,  $-C(R^6)_2S_-$ ,  $-C(R^6)$
- each  $R^6$  is independently selected from hydrogen or an optionally substituted  $C_{1-4}$  aliphatic group, or two  $R^6$  groups on the same nitrogen atom are taken together with the nitrogen atom to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclyl or heteroaryl ring;
- each  $R^{6'}$  is independently selected from hydrogen or a  $C_{1-4}$  aliphatic group, or two  $R^{6'}$  on the same carbon atom are taken together to form a 3-6 membered carbocyclic ring;
- each  $R^7$  is independently selected from hydrogen or an optionally substituted  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic group, or two  $R^7$  on the same nitrogen are taken together with the nitrogen to form a 5-8 membered heterocyclyl or heteroaryl ring; and
- $R^{8} \text{ is selected from -R, halo, -OR, -C(=O)R, -CO_{2}R, -COCOR, -NO_{2}, -CN, -S(O)R, -SO_{2}R, -SR, -N(R^{4})_{2}, -CON(R^{4})_{2}, -SO_{2}N(R^{4})_{2}, -OC(=O)R, -N(R^{4})COR, -N(R^{4})CO_{2}(\text{optionally substituted} \\ C_{1-6} \text{ aliphatic}), -N(R^{4})N(R^{4})_{2}, -C=NN(R^{4})_{2}, -C=N-OR, -N(R^{4})CON(R^{4})_{2}, -N(R^{4})SO_{2}R, \text{ or -OC}(=O)N(R^{4})_{2}.$
- 2. (Original) The compound according to claim 1, wherein Q is selected from -S-, -O-, or -NH-; and said compound has one or more features selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) R<sup>x</sup> is hydrogen, alkyl- or dialkylamino, acetamido, or a C<sub>1-4</sub> aliphatic group and R<sup>y</sup> is T-R<sup>3</sup> or L-Z-R<sup>3</sup>, wherein T is a valence bond or a methylene and R<sup>3</sup> is -R, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, or -OR; or R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> are taken together with their intervening atoms to form a fused, unsaturated or partially unsaturated, 5-6 membered ring having 0-2 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, sulfur, or nitrogen, wherein each substitutable ring carbon of said fused ring formed by R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> is independently substituted by

- oxo, T-R<sup>3</sup>, or L-Z-R<sup>3</sup>, and each substitutable ring nitrogen of said ring formed by R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> is independently substituted by R<sup>4</sup>;
- (b) R<sup>1</sup> is T-(Ring D), wherein T is a valence bond or a methylene unit;
- (c) Ring D is a 5-7 membered monocyclic or an 8-10 membered bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl ring; and
- (d) R<sup>2</sup> is -R or -T-W-R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>2'</sup> is hydrogen, or R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>2'</sup> are taken together to form an optionally substituted benzo ring.
- 3. (Original) The compound according to claim 2, wherein:
  - (a) R<sup>x</sup> is hydrogen, alkyl- or dialkylamino, acetamido, or a C<sub>1-4</sub> aliphatic group and R<sup>y</sup> is T-R<sup>3</sup> or L-Z-R<sup>3</sup>, wherein T is a valence bond or a methylene and R<sup>3</sup> is -R, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, or -OR; or R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> are taken together with their intervening atoms to form a fused, unsaturated or partially unsaturated, 5-6 membered ring having 0-2 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, sulfur, or nitrogen, wherein each substitutable ring carbon of said fused ring formed by R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> is independently substituted by oxo, T-R<sup>3</sup>, or L-Z-R<sup>3</sup>, and each substitutable ring nitrogen of said ring formed by R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> is independently substituted by R<sup>4</sup>;
  - (b) R<sup>1</sup> is T-(Ring D), wherein T is a valence bond or a methylene unit;
  - (c) Ring D is a 5-7 membered monocyclic or an 8-10 membered bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl ring; and
  - (d) R<sup>2</sup> is –R or –T-W-R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, or R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are taken together to form an optionally substituted benzo ring.
- 4. (Original) The compound according to claim 2, wherein said compound has one or more features selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) R<sup>y</sup> is T-R<sup>3</sup> or L-Z-R<sup>3</sup> wherein T is a valence bond or a methylene and R<sup>3</sup> is selected from -R, -OR, or -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, wherein R is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic, or 5-6 membered heterocyclyl, phenyl, or 5-6 membered heteroaryl; or R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> are taken together with their intervening atoms to form a benzo, pyrido, cyclopento, cyclohexo, cyclohepto, thieno, piperidino, or imidazo ring, wherein each substitutable ring carbon of said fused ring formed by R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> is independently

- substituted by oxo, T-R<sup>3</sup>, or L-Z-R<sup>3</sup>, and each substitutable ring nitrogen of said ring formed by R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> is independently substituted by R<sup>4</sup>;
- (b) R<sup>1</sup> is T-(Ring D), wherein T is a valence bond, and Ring D is a 5-6 membered monocyclic or an 8-10 membered bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl ring;
- (c)  $R^2$  is -R and  $R^2$  is hydrogen, wherein R is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic, phenyl, a 5-6 membered heteroaryl ring, or a 5-6 membered heterocyclic ring; and
- (d)  $R^3$  is selected from -R, -halo, -OR, or  $-N(R^4)_2$ , wherein R is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic, or 5-6 membered heterocyclyl, phenyl, or 5-6 membered heteroaryl, and L is -O-, -S-, or  $-N(R^4)$ -.
- 5. (Original) The compound according to claim 4, wherein:
  - (a) R<sup>y</sup> is T-R<sup>3</sup> or L-Z-R<sup>3</sup> wherein T is a valence bond or a methylene and R<sup>3</sup> is selected from -R, -OR, or -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, wherein R is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic, or 5-6 membered heterocyclyl, phenyl, or 5-6 membered heteroaryl; or R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> are taken together with their intervening atoms to form a benzo, pyrido, cyclopento, cyclohexo, cyclohepto, thieno, piperidino, or imidazo ring, wherein each substitutable ring carbon of said fused ring formed by R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> is independently substituted by oxo, T-R<sup>3</sup>, or L-Z-R<sup>3</sup>, and each substituted by R<sup>4</sup>;
  - (b) R<sup>1</sup> is T-(Ring D), wherein T is a valence bond, and Ring D is a 5-6 membered monocyclic or an 8-10 membered bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl ring;
  - (c)  $R^2$  is -R and  $R^2$  is hydrogen, wherein R is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic, phenyl, a 5-6 membered heteroaryl ring, or a 5-6 membered heterocyclic ring; and
  - (d)  $R^3$  is selected from -R, -halo, -OR, or -N( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, wherein R is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic, or 5-6 membered heterocyclyl, phenyl, or 5-6 membered heteroaryl, and L is -O-, -S-, or -N( $R^4$ )-.
- 6. (Original) The compound according to claim 4, wherein said compound has one or more features selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) R<sup>x</sup> is hydrogen methyl, ethyl, propyl, cyclopropyl, isopropyl, methylamino or acetamido and R<sup>y</sup> is selected from 2-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl,

morpholinyl, piperazinyl, methyl, ethyl, cyclopropyl, isopropyl, t-butyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkoxyalkyl, alkyl- or dialkylamino, alkyl- or dialkylaminoalkoxy, acetamido, optionally substituted phenyl, or methoxymethyl; or R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> are taken together with their intervening atoms to form a benzo, pyrido, piperidino, or cyclohexo ring, wherein said ring is optionally substituted with -halo, -R, -OR, -COR, -CO<sub>2</sub>R, -CON(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -CN, -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>-N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>-R, -NO<sub>2</sub> -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -NR<sup>4</sup>COR, -NR<sup>4</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R, or -SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, wherein R is hydrogen or an optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic group;

- (b) R<sup>1</sup> is T-(Ring D), wherein T is a valence bond and Ring D is a 5-6 membered aryl or heteroaryl ring optionally substituted with one or two groups selected from -halo, -CN, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic, -OR, -C(O)R, -CO<sub>2</sub>R, -CONH(R<sup>4</sup>), -N(R<sup>4</sup>)COR, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)CO<sub>2</sub>R, -SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)SO<sub>2</sub>R, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>;
- (c)  $R^2$  is hydrogen or a substituted or unsubstituted group selected from aryl, heteroaryl, or a  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic group, and  $R^2$  is hydrogen; and
- (d)  $R^3$  is selected from -R, -OR, or  $-N(R^4)_2$ , wherein R is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic, 5-6 membered heterocyclyl, phenyl, or 5-6 membered heteroaryl, and L is -O-, -S-, or -NH-; and
- (e) Ring D is substituted by up to three substituents selected from -halo, -CN, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic group, -OR, -C(O)R, -CO<sub>2</sub>R, -CONH(R<sup>4</sup>), -N(R<sup>4</sup>)COR, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)CO<sub>2</sub>R, -SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)SO<sub>2</sub>R, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, or -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, wherein R is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic, phenyl, a 5-6 membered heteroaryl ring, or a 5-6 membered heterocyclic ring.
- 7. (Original) The compound according to claim 1, wherein Q is  $-C(R^{6})_{2}$ -, 1,2-cyclopropanediyl, 1,2-cyclobutanediyl, or 1,3-cyclobutanediyl; and said compound has one or more features selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a)  $R^x$  is hydrogen, alkyl- or dialkylamino, acetamido, or a  $C_{1-4}$  aliphatic group and  $R^y$  is  $T-R^3$  or  $L-Z-R^3$ , wherein T is a valence bond or a methylene and  $R^3$  is -R,  $-N(R^4)_2$ , or -OR; or  $R^x$  and  $R^y$  are taken together with their intervening atoms to form a

fused, unsaturated or partially unsaturated, 5-6 membered ring having 0-2 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, sulfur, or nitrogen, wherein each substitutable ring carbon of said fused ring formed by R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> is independently substituted by oxo, T-R<sup>3</sup>, or L-Z-R<sup>3</sup>, and each substitutable ring nitrogen of said ring formed by R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> is independently substituted by R<sup>4</sup>;

- (b) R<sup>1</sup> is T-(Ring D), wherein T is a valence bond or a methylene unit and wherein said methylene unit is optionally replaced by -O-, -NH-, or -S-;
- (c) Ring D is a 5-7 membered monocyclic or an 8-10 membered bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl ring; and
- (d) R<sup>2</sup> is –R or –T-W-R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, or R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are taken together to form an optionally substituted benzo ring.
- 8. (Original) The compound according to claim 7, wherein:
  - (a) R<sup>x</sup> is hydrogen, alkyl- or dialkylamino, acetamido, or a C<sub>1-4</sub> aliphatic group and R<sup>y</sup> is T-R<sup>3</sup> or L-Z-R<sup>3</sup>, wherein T is a valence bond or a methylene and R<sup>3</sup> is -R, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, or -OR; or R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> are taken together with their intervening atoms to form a fused, unsaturated or partially unsaturated, 5-6 membered ring having 0-2 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, sulfur, or nitrogen, wherein each substitutable ring carbon of said fused ring formed by R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> is independently substituted by oxo, T-R<sup>3</sup>, or L-Z-R<sup>3</sup>, and each substitutable ring nitrogen of said ring formed by R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> is independently substituted by R<sup>4</sup>;
  - (b) R<sup>1</sup> is T-(Ring D), wherein T is a valence bond or a methylene unit and wherein said methylene unit is optionally replaced by -O-, -NH-, or -S-;
  - (c) Ring D is a 5-7 membered monocyclic or an 8-10 membered bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl ring; and
  - (d) R<sup>2</sup> is –R or –T-W-R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>2'</sup> is hydrogen, or R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>2'</sup> are taken together to form an optionally substituted benzo ring.
- 9. (Original) The compound according to claim 7, wherein Q is  $-C(R^{6'})_2$  or 1,2-cyclopropanediyl, and said compound has one or more features selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) R<sup>y</sup> is T-R<sup>3</sup> or L-Z-R<sup>3</sup> wherein T is a valence bond or a methylene and R<sup>3</sup> is selected from -R, -OR, or -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, wherein R is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic, or 5-6 membered heterocyclyl, phenyl, or 5-6 membered heteroaryl; or R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> are taken together with their intervening atoms to form a benzo, pyrido, cyclopento, cyclohexo, cyclohepto, thieno, piperidino, or imidazo ring, wherein each substitutable ring carbon of said fused ring formed by R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> is independently substituted by oxo, T-R<sup>3</sup>, or L-Z-R<sup>3</sup>, and each substituted by R<sup>4</sup>;
- (b) R<sup>1</sup> is T-(Ring D), wherein T is a valence bond, and Ring D is a 5-6 membered monocyclic or an 8-10 membered bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl ring;
- (c) R<sup>2</sup> is -R and R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, wherein R is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic, phenyl, a 5-6 membered heteroaryl ring, or a 5-6 membered heterocyclic ring; and
- (d)  $R^3$  is selected from -R, -halo, -OR, or -N( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, wherein R is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic, or 5-6 membered heterocyclyl, phenyl, or 5-6 membered heteroaryl, and L is -O-, -S-, or -N( $R^4$ )-.

## 10. (Original) The compound according to claim 9, wherein:

- (a) R<sup>y</sup> is T-R<sup>3</sup> or L-Z-R<sup>3</sup> wherein T is a valence bond or a methylene and R<sup>3</sup> is selected from -R, -OR, or -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, wherein R is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic, or 5-6 membered heterocyclyl, phenyl, or 5-6 membered heteroaryl; or R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> are taken together with their intervening atoms to form a benzo, pyrido, cyclopento, cyclohexo, cyclohepto, thieno, piperidino, or imidazo ring, wherein each substitutable ring carbon of said fused ring formed by R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> is independently substituted by oxo, T-R<sup>3</sup>, or L-Z-R<sup>3</sup>, and each substituted by R<sup>4</sup>;
- (b) R<sup>1</sup> is T-(Ring D), wherein T is a valence bond, and Ring D is a 5-6 membered monocyclic or an 8-10 membered bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl ring;
- (c)  $R^2$  is -R and  $R^2$  is hydrogen, wherein R is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic, phenyl, a 5-6 membered heteroaryl ring, or a 5-6 membered heterocyclic ring; and

- (d)  $R^3$  is selected from -R, -halo, -OR, or  $-N(R^4)_2$ , wherein R is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic, or 5-6 membered heterocyclyl, phenyl, or 5-6 membered heteroaryl, and L is -O-, -S-, or  $-N(R^4)$ -.
- 11. (Original) The compound according to claim 9, wherein Q is -CH<sub>2</sub>- and said compound has one or more features selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) R<sup>x</sup> is hydrogen methyl, ethyl, propyl, cyclopropyl, isopropyl, methylamino or acetamido and R<sup>y</sup> is selected from 2-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, piperazinyl, methyl, ethyl, cyclopropyl, isopropyl, t-butyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkoxyalkyl, alkyl- or dialkylamino, alkyl- or dialkylaminoalkoxy, acetamido, optionally substituted phenyl, or methoxymethyl; or R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> are taken together with their intervening atoms to form a benzo, pyrido, piperidino, or cyclohexo ring, wherein said ring is optionally substituted with -halo, -R, -OR, -COR, -CO<sub>2</sub>R, -CON(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -CN, -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>-N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>-R, -NO<sub>2</sub> -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -NR<sup>4</sup>COR, -NR<sup>4</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R, or -SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, wherein R is hydrogen or an optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic group;
  - (b) R<sup>1</sup> is T-(Ring D), wherein T is a valence bond and Ring D is a 5-6 membered aryl or heteroaryl ring optionally substituted with one or two groups selected from -halo, -CN, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic, -OR, -C(O)R, -CO<sub>2</sub>R, -CONH(R<sup>4</sup>), -N(R<sup>4</sup>)COR, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)CO<sub>2</sub>R, -SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)SO<sub>2</sub>R, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>;
  - (c)  $R^2$  is hydrogen or a substituted or unsubstituted group selected from aryl, heteroaryl, or a  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic group, and  $R^2$  is hydrogen; and
  - (d) R<sup>3</sup> is selected from -R, -OR, or -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, wherein R is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic, 5-6 membered heterocyclyl, phenyl, or 5-6 membered heteroaryl, and L is -O-, -S-, or -NH-; and
  - (e) Ring D is substituted by up to three substituents selected from -halo, -CN, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic group, -OR, -C(O)R, -CO<sub>2</sub>R, -CONH(R<sup>4</sup>), -N(R<sup>4</sup>)COR, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)CO<sub>2</sub>R, -SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)SO<sub>2</sub>R, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, or -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>,

wherein R is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic, phenyl, a 5-6 membered heteroaryl ring, or a 5-6 membered heterocyclic ring.

- 12. (Original) The compound according to claim 11, wherein:
  - (a) R<sup>x</sup> is hydrogen methyl, ethyl, propyl, cyclopropyl, isopropyl, methylamino or acetamido and R<sup>y</sup> is selected from 2-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, piperazinyl, methyl, ethyl, cyclopropyl, isopropyl, t-butyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkoxyalkyl, alkyl- or dialkylamino, alkyl- or dialkylaminoalkoxy, acetamido, optionally substituted phenyl, or methoxymethyl; or R<sup>x</sup> and R<sup>y</sup> are taken together with their intervening atoms to form a benzo, pyrido, piperidino, or cyclohexo ring, wherein said ring is optionally substituted with -halo, -R, -OR, -COR, -CO<sub>2</sub>R, -CON(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -CN, -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>-N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>-R, -NO<sub>2</sub> -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -NR<sup>4</sup>COR, -NR<sup>4</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R, or -SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, wherein R is hydrogen or an optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic group;
  - (b) R<sup>1</sup> is T-(Ring D), wherein T is a valence bond and Ring D is a 5-6 membered aryl or heteroaryl ring optionally substituted with one or two groups selected from -halo, -CN, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic, -OR, -C(O)R, -CO<sub>2</sub>R, -CONH(R<sup>4</sup>), -N(R<sup>4</sup>)COR, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)CO<sub>2</sub>R, -SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)SO<sub>2</sub>R, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, or -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>;
  - (c)  $R^2$  is hydrogen or a substituted or unsubstituted group selected from aryl, heteroaryl, or a  $C_{1.6}$  aliphatic group, and  $R^2$  is hydrogen; and
  - (d)  $R^3$  is selected from -R, -OR, or  $-N(R^4)_2$ , wherein R is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic, 5-6 membered heterocyclyl, phenyl, or 5-6 membered heteroaryl, and L is -O-, -S-, or -NH-;
  - (e) Ring D is substituted by up to three substituents selected from -halo, -CN, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic group, -OR, -C(O)R, -CO<sub>2</sub>R, -CONH(R<sup>4</sup>), -N(R<sup>4</sup>)COR, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)CO<sub>2</sub>R, -SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)SO<sub>2</sub>R, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, or -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, wherein R is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic, phenyl, a 5-6 membered heteroaryl ring, or a 5-6 membered heterocyclic ring.

- 13. (Original) A composition comprising a compound according to any one of claims 1-12, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 14. (Canceled).
- 15. (Original) A method of inhibiting Aurora-2 or GSK-3 activity in a biological sample comprising the step of contacting said biological sample with a compound according to any one of claims 1-12.
- 16. (Original) A method of inhibiting Aurora-2 activity in a patient comprising the step of administering to said patient a composition according to claim 13.
- 17. (Canceled).
- 18. (Currently Amended) A method of treating an Aurora 2 mediated disease cancer, which method comprises administering to a patient in need of such a treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a composition according to claim 13.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 18, wherein said-disease the cancer is selected from colon, breast, stomach, or ovarian cancer melanoma, lymphoma, neuroblastoma, leukemia, or a cancer selected from colon, breast, lung, kidney, ovary, pancreatic, renal, CNS, cervical, prostate, or cancer of the gastric tract.
- 20. (Canceled).
- 21. (Canceled).
- 22. (Original) A method of inhibiting GSK-3 activity in a patient comprising the step of administering to said patient a composition according to claim 13.
- 23. (Canceled).

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- 24. (Currently Amended) A method of method of treating a GSK-3-mediated disease, diabetes, Huntington's Disease, Parkinson's Disease, AIDS-associated dementia, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), multiple sclerosis (MS), schizophrenia, cardiomycete hypertrophy, reperfusion/ischemia, or baldness, which method comprises administering to a patient in need of such a treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a composition according to claim 13.
- 25. (Canceled).
- 26. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim <del>25</del> <u>24</u>, wherein the method is for treating said GSK 3-mediated disease is diabetes.
- 27. (Original) A method of enhancing glycogen synthesis or lowering blood levels of glucose in a patient in need thereof, which method comprises administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of a composition according to claim 13.
- 28. (Original) A method of inhibiting the production of hyperphosphorylated Tau protein in a patient, which method comprises administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a composition according to claim 13.
- 29. (Original) A method of inhibiting the phosphorylation of  $\beta$ -catenin, which method comprises administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a composition according to claim 13.